

go into thin air

go into thin air is a phrase commonly used to describe something or someone disappearing mysteriously and suddenly, as if evaporating into the atmosphere. This idiom is often employed in both everyday language and literary contexts to convey the idea of vanishing without a trace. Understanding the origins, meanings, and uses of this expression provides valuable insight into its place in English vocabulary and culture. Additionally, the phrase has been popularized through various media, including books, films, and news reports, which further solidify its use in describing unexplained disappearances or losses. This article explores the etymology of "go into thin air," its figurative and literal applications, common examples, and related expressions. The following sections will offer a comprehensive overview of this compelling phrase and its significance in communication and storytelling.

- Origin and Meaning of "Go Into Thin Air"
- Figurative Uses and Common Contexts
- Notable Examples and Cultural References
- Similar Expressions and Synonyms
- Practical Tips for Using the Phrase Correctly

Origin and Meaning of "Go Into Thin Air"

The phrase "go into thin air" originates from the concept of something vanishing into the invisible, airy space surrounding us. It literally implies disappearing into the atmosphere, where nothing solid or tangible remains. Historically, this idiom has been traced back to literary works dating to the early 17th century, where it was used to describe magical disappearances or the sudden absence of objects or people.

Historical Background

The earliest recorded usage of the phrase or its variants can be found in English literature and plays, illustrating the mystery and intrigue of vanishing acts. It aligns with the human fascination with invisibility and disappearance, themes prevalent in folklore and supernatural tales. Over time, "go into thin air" evolved from describing literal vanishings to more figurative meanings in everyday speech.

Literal Interpretation

In its literal sense, the phrase suggests that something has dissolved or evaporated completely, leaving no physical trace behind. This might be used in scientific or natural contexts, such as when water evaporates or smoke dissipates into the atmosphere. The imagery of thin air emphasizes the

absence of substance or form.

Figurative Uses and Common Contexts

Beyond its literal meaning, "go into thin air" is predominantly employed figuratively to describe sudden disappearances or losses that are difficult to explain. It conveys a sense of mystery and sometimes alarm when a person, object, or opportunity vanishes unexpectedly.

Everyday Language Applications

In daily conversations, the phrase is often used to express frustration or surprise when something is lost or missing without explanation. For example, "My keys went into thin air" suggests the keys disappeared with no apparent reason. It captures the bewilderment people feel in such situations.

Professional and Media Contexts

Journalists and writers use the expression when reporting on events involving unexplained disappearances, such as missing persons or lost items in investigations. It adds a dramatic flair and hints at the puzzling nature of the occurrence. Similarly, in business, an opportunity or deal might be said to have "gone into thin air" if it suddenly falls through without warning.

Notable Examples and Cultural References

The phrase "go into thin air" has been immortalized in various cultural works, enhancing its recognition and usage. Its presence in literature, film, and real-life stories underscores its powerful imagery and emotional impact.

Literary Works

One of the most famous uses of the phrase is in Jon Krakauer's book *Into Thin Air*, which recounts a tragic expedition on Mount Everest. The title metaphorically represents the perilous and sometimes fatal disappearances climbers face in extreme conditions. This book brought the phrase to global attention and associated it with mystery and danger.

Film and Television

Numerous films and TV shows utilize the phrase or its concept to describe characters or objects vanishing without explanation. These portrayals reinforce the dramatic and suspenseful connotations of "going into thin air" and make the phrase a staple in thriller and mystery genres.

Real-World Incidents

Reports of missing persons or vanished objects frequently use the phrase to

describe baffling cases. The expression captures public imagination by emphasizing the uncertainty and intrigue surrounding such disappearances, often leading to widespread media coverage.

Similar Expressions and Synonyms

Several idioms and phrases share a similar meaning with "go into thin air," each with its own nuances and contextual preferences. Understanding these can enrich vocabulary and improve communication effectiveness.

Common Synonyms

- **Disappear without a trace:** Emphasizes the complete absence of evidence after vanishing.
- **Melt away:** Suggests a gradual or stealthy disappearance.
- **Vanish into thin air:** A close variant that highlights sudden disappearance.
- **Evaporate:** Often used metaphorically for things fading away quickly.
- **Slip away:** Implies a quiet or unnoticed departure.

Choosing the Right Phrase

While these expressions are interchangeable in some contexts, "go into thin air" carries a distinctive sense of suddenness and total disappearance. Selecting the appropriate synonym depends on the situation's tone and the desired emphasis on mystery or subtlety.

Practical Tips for Using the Phrase Correctly

Employing "go into thin air" effectively requires understanding its connotations and appropriate contexts. Misuse can lead to confusion or diminish the intended impact.

Contextual Appropriateness

This phrase is best used when describing situations involving sudden, unexplained disappearances. It suits narrative storytelling, dramatic descriptions, and emphasizing the mysterious nature of an event. Avoid using it for routine or expected absences.

Grammatical Usage

"Go into thin air" functions as a verb phrase and typically follows the

subject in a sentence. Examples include: "The documents went into thin air," or "The magician made the rabbit go into thin air." It is often used in past tense to describe completed events.

Enhancing Writing and Speech

Incorporating this idiom can add vivid imagery and emotional weight to descriptions. It appeals to readers' or listeners' imaginations by invoking the sense of something disappearing mysteriously. Use it sparingly to maintain its impact and avoid cliché.

Frequently Asked Questions

What does the phrase 'go into thin air' mean?

The phrase 'go into thin air' means to disappear suddenly and completely, often in a mysterious or unexplained way.

Where did the expression 'go into thin air' originate?

The expression 'go into thin air' originates from the idea of vanishing into the empty space around us, with 'thin air' referring to the atmosphere, suggesting something has disappeared without a trace.

Can you use 'go into thin air' in a sentence?

Sure! For example, "The magician made the rabbit go into thin air during his performance."

Is 'go into thin air' commonly used in everyday conversation?

Yes, it's a common idiom used to describe something or someone disappearing suddenly, often in informal or storytelling contexts.

Are there synonyms for 'go into thin air'?

Yes, synonyms include 'vanish,' 'disappear,' 'evaporate,' and 'melt away.'

Is 'go into thin air' used only in literal contexts?

No, it is mostly used figuratively to describe sudden disappearance, though it can be used literally in storytelling or fantasy contexts.

What is the difference between 'go into thin air' and 'vanish'?

'Go into thin air' is a more vivid and idiomatic way of saying 'vanish,' emphasizing the sudden and complete disappearance often without explanation.

Has 'go into thin air' been used in popular media or literature?

Yes, the phrase has been used in various books, movies, and TV shows to describe mysterious disappearances or magical vanishings.

Can 'go into thin air' be used in scientific contexts?

Typically, no. It is an idiomatic expression used in informal speech rather than scientific descriptions.

How do you translate 'go into thin air' into other languages?

Translations vary, but many languages have equivalent idioms conveying sudden disappearance, such as 'desaparecer en el aire' in Spanish or 's'évaporer dans l'air' in French.

Additional Resources

1. *Into Thin Air: A Personal Account of the Mt. Everest Disaster* by Jon Krakauer

This gripping nonfiction book recounts the harrowing 1996 Mount Everest disaster, where a severe storm led to the deaths of eight climbers. Jon Krakauer, who was part of the expedition, provides a detailed and personal perspective on the events, exploring the challenges and decisions faced by climbers. The book delves into the risks of high-altitude mountaineering and the human spirit's resilience.

2. *Left for Dead: My Journey Home from Everest* by Beck Weathers

In this memoir, Beck Weathers shares his miraculous survival story during the 1996 Everest tragedy. Severely injured and left for dead in a blizzard, Weathers recounts his struggle against the elements and his determination to live. The book offers a powerful testament to courage and endurance in the face of near-impossible odds.

3. *Everest: The West Ridge* by Thomas F. Hornbein

This classic mountaineering narrative tells the story of the first ascent of Everest's challenging West Ridge route in 1963. Hornbein and his team faced extreme conditions and technical difficulties, pushing the boundaries of high-altitude climbing. The book combines adventure, exploration, and a deep respect for the mountain.

4. *The Climb: Tragic Ambitions on Everest* by Anatoli Boukreev and G. Weston DeWalt

Co-written by Anatoli Boukreev, a key figure in the 1996 Everest expedition, this book offers an alternative perspective on the disaster that contrasts with Krakauer's account. Boukreev defends his actions and decisions during the crisis, providing insights into the complexities of guiding climbers on Everest. The narrative explores themes of leadership, survival, and controversy.

5. *High Exposure: An Enduring Passion for Everest and Unforgiving Places* by David Breashears

David Breashears, a renowned mountaineer and filmmaker, shares his experiences climbing Everest and other extreme locations. The book blends personal stories with reflections on the allure and dangers of high-altitude climbing. It also highlights the evolving technology and spirit behind Everest expeditions.

6. *The Everest Years: The Official Account of the British Mount Everest Expeditions, 1922-53* by Charles Wylie

This historical account chronicles the early British attempts to summit Mount Everest, leading up to the successful ascent in 1953. It provides detailed descriptions of the challenges, setbacks, and breakthroughs encountered by pioneering climbers. The book offers valuable context for understanding the mountain's enduring mystique.

7. *Touching the Void* by Joe Simpson

Although not about Everest, this gripping survival story shares thematic similarities with "Into Thin Air." Joe Simpson recounts his near-fatal climb in the Peruvian Andes, focusing on the physical and psychological ordeal after a disastrous fall. The narrative vividly captures human endurance and the will to survive against overwhelming odds.

8. *Buried in the Sky: The Extraordinary Story of the Sherpa Climbers on K2's Deadliest Day* by Peter Zuckerman and Amanda Padoan

This book tells the story of the 2008 K2 disaster from the perspective of Sherpa climbers, emphasizing their critical yet often overlooked role in high-altitude mountaineering. It explores themes of courage, tragedy, and cultural significance in the world's second-highest peak. The narrative complements the Everest disaster accounts by highlighting another perilous mountain.

9. *No Shortcuts to the Top: Climbing the World's 14 Highest Peaks* by Ed Viesturs with David Roberts

Ed Viesturs, one of America's most accomplished mountaineers, shares his journey to summit all fourteen 8,000-meter peaks without supplemental oxygen. The book combines thrilling expedition stories with lessons on preparation, perseverance, and respect for the mountains. It offers a broader perspective on the challenges faced by high-altitude climbers like those in "Into Thin Air."

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go into thin air: Into Thin Air Jon Krakauer, 1998-11-12 #1 NATIONAL BESTSELLER • The epic account of the storm on the summit of Mt. Everest that claimed five lives and left countless more—including Krakauer's—in guilt-ridden disarray. A harrowing tale of the perils of high-altitude climbing, a story of bad luck and worse judgment and of heartbreaking heroism. —PEOPLE A bank of clouds was assembling on the not-so-distant horizon, but journalist-mountaineer Jon Krakauer, standing on the summit of Mt. Everest, saw nothing that suggested that a murderous storm was

bearing down. He was wrong. By writing *Into Thin Air*, Krakauer may have hoped to exorcise some of his own demons and lay to rest some of the painful questions that still surround the event. He takes great pains to provide a balanced picture of the people and events he witnessed and gives due credit to the tireless and dedicated Sherpas. He also avoids blasting easy targets such as Sandy Pittman, the wealthy socialite who brought an espresso maker along on the expedition. Krakauer's highly personal inquiry into the catastrophe provides a great deal of insight into what went wrong. But for Krakauer himself, further interviews and investigations only lead him to the conclusion that his perceived failures were directly responsible for a fellow climber's death. Clearly, Krakauer remains haunted by the disaster, and although he relates a number of incidents in which he acted selflessly and even heroically, he seems unable to view those instances objectively. In the end, despite his evenhanded and even generous assessment of others' actions, he reserves a full measure of vitriol for himself. This updated trade paperback edition of *Into Thin Air* includes an extensive new postscript that sheds fascinating light on the acrimonious debate that flared between Krakauer and Everest guide Anatoli Boukreev in the wake of the tragedy. I have no doubt that Boukreev's intentions were good on summit day, writes Krakauer in the postscript, dated August 1999. What disturbs me, though, was Boukreev's refusal to acknowledge the possibility that he made even a single poor decision. Never did he indicate that perhaps it wasn't the best choice to climb without gas or go down ahead of his clients. As usual, Krakauer supports his points with dogged research and a good dose of humility. But rather than continue the heated discourse that has raged since *Into Thin Air*'s denouncement of guide Boukreev, Krakauer's tone is conciliatory; he points most of his criticism at G. Weston De Walt, who coauthored *The Climb*, Boukreev's version of events. And in a touching conclusion, Krakauer recounts his last conversation with the late Boukreev, in which the two weathered climbers agreed to disagree about certain points. Krakauer had great hopes to patch things up with Boukreev, but the Russian later died in an avalanche on another Himalayan peak, Annapurna I. In 1999, Krakauer received an Academy Award in Literature from the American Academy of Arts and Letters--a prestigious prize intended to honor writers of exceptional accomplishment. According to the Academy's citation, Krakauer combines the tenacity and courage of the finest tradition of investigative journalism with the stylish subtlety and profound insight of the born writer. His account of an ascent of Mount Everest has led to a general reevaluation of climbing and of the commercialization of what was once a romantic, solitary sport; while his account of the life and death of Christopher McCandless, who died of starvation after challenging the Alaskan wilderness, delves even more deeply and disturbingly into the fascination of nature and the devastating effects of its lure on a young and curious mind.

go into thin air: Теорія і практика перекладу (аспектний переклад) Корунець Ілько Вакулович, У пропонованому підручникові висвітлюється широке коло питань теорії та практики відтворення мовних одиниць і явищ лексикологічного і граматичного аспектів англійської й української мов. У теоретичній частині дохідливо англійською мовою викладаються короткі відомості про існуючі типи і види перекладу, про історію розвитку принципів перекладу в Західній Європі та в Україні впродовж останнього тисячоліття. Проте основна частина підручника відведена способам відтворення лексикологічних та граматичних труднощів англійської мови українською і навпаки. Зокрема: вірному/адекватному відтворенню різних типів власних назв людей, географічних назв і назв установ, компаній, організацій, назв газет, журналів тощо. Підручник містить багато різноманітних вправ на закріплення теоретичного матеріалу.

go into thin air: "Making a Way Out of No Way" Wolfgang Mieder, 2010 In barely forty years of life Martin Luther King (1929-1968) distinguished himself as one of the greatest social reformers of modern times: civil rights leader, defender of nonviolence in the struggle of desegregation, champion of the poor, anti-war proponent, and broad-minded visionary of an interrelated world of free people. His many verbal and written communications in the form of sermons, speeches, interviews, letters, essays, and several books are replete with Bible proverbs as «Love your enemies», «He who lives by the sword shall perish by the sword», and «Man does not live by bread

alone» as well as folk proverbs as «Time and tide wait for no man», «Last hired, first fired», «No gain without pain», and «Making a way out of no way». He also delighted in citing quotations that have become proverbs, to wit «No man is an island», «All men are created equal», and «No lie can live forever». King recycles these bits of traditional wisdom in various contexts, varying his proverbial messages as he addresses the multifaceted issues of civil rights. His rhetorical prowess is thus informed to a considerable degree by his effective use of his repertoire of proverbs which he frequently uses as leitmotifs or amasses into set pieces of fixed phrases to be employed repeatedly.

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go into thin air: The Colorado Kidnapping Paul Hutchens, 1998-05-01 The Sugar Creek Gang heads west for the Aspen Music Festival in the beautiful Colorado Rockies. They enjoy a world class rodeo, and they even get to meet the famous rodeo cowboy, Cranberry Jones. A scenic, chair-lift ride leads to the solution of a missing woman mystery. Witness with the Sugar Creek Gang God's ability to turn tragedy into triumph when people surrender their lives to Him. The Sugar Creek Gang series chronicles the faith-building adventures of a group of fun-loving, courageous Christian boys. These classic stories have been inspiring children to grow in their faith for more than five decades. More than three million copies later, children continue to grow up relating to members of the gang as they struggle with the application of their Christian faith to the adventure of life. Now that these stories have been updated for a new generation, you and your child can join in the Sugar Creek excitement. Paul Hutchen's memories of childhood adventures around the fishing hole, the swimming hole, the island, and the woods that surround Indiana's Sugar Creek inspired these beloved tales.

go into thin air: The Bitcoin & Cryptocurrency Wealth-Building Opportunity Guide Adam G. Koch, 2017-12-03 Bitcoin has within eight years risen from a mere fraction of a cent, to over \$11,000.00 each as of 2017. It is not just Bitcoin that is making people wealthier than their wildest dreams imagined, either! A lot of people are now curious about Bitcoin and cryptocurrency, so it has come time to offer you not just any Bitcoin book, but a true guide to the whole entire opportunity which cryptocurrency offers to everyone who is willing to learn about it. This opportunity is far larger than just Bitcoin, yet you will learn how to generate Bitcoins profitably. More millionaires have been made by Cryptocurrency than people would ever believe. It is not just a rich-person's game, either! The Author himself has successfully begun the "rags-to-riches march" into financial freedom despite missing out on the first Bitcoin Boom. The knowledge presented here is making up for lost time at an astounding pace all due to the Altcoins which rose up in the wake of Bitcoin's arrival on the world stage. The Author's own wisdom and methods are presented in this book; nothing withheld! All of his trade-secrets are provided to you in an easy to understand format: Knowledge which the Author himself uses successfully! This is not a system, nor a gimmick; this is not MLM or some pyramid racket. You can invest nothing, or as much as you please; and the Author explains how you can start securing your own financial freedom! Every day you delay, is costly. Cryptocurrencies become harder to mine, and harder to obtain by the minute; their values are rising drastically leaving you to miss out on the very astounding Returns-on-Investments which no other opportunity in the world has ever come close to! Not even "Penny Stocks!" The future is very much larger, and very much sooner than you think; you owe it to yourself to find out what you are missing!

go into thin air: A Dictionary of Confusable Phrases Yuri Dolgoplov, 2016-02-01 Covering over 10,000 idioms and collocations characterized by similarity in their wording or metaphorical idea which do not show corresponding similarity in their meanings, this dictionary presents a unique cross-section of the English language. Though it is designed specifically to assist readers in avoiding the use of inappropriate or erroneous phrases, the book can also be used as a regular phraseological dictionary providing definitions to individual idioms, cliches, and set expressions. Most phrases included in the dictionary are in active current use, making information about their meanings and usage essential to language learners at all levels of proficiency.

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rituals involving the four elements — fire, water, air, earth — to render negative issues harmless by altering them and releasing them forever. *Let It Go* is a simple book with a profound message and a unique format. Joanna Arettam helps readers identify the enemies they wish to vanquish. Through examples, exercises, anecdotes, and inspirational quotes, she gives us permission to let go of what's holding us back. Transformation is the theme of part two. In the back of the book are perforated pages called Contracts for Transformation. Write down what we wish to let go of, how we wish to transform it. But writing is just the beginning. Tear these pages out of the book and burn, bury, soak, or scatter them. The physical world can absorb those negatives and transform them into positives. For example, let go of anger by writing a list of things that makes you see red on a Contract with Earth. Bury the contract in a pot of loamy soil and into that small vessel of earth place seeds of a plant that will grow to yield a beautiful crimson flower!

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go into thin air: European Muslims Transforming the Public Sphere Asmaa Soliman, 2017-11-28 Anti-Muslim voices have become louder in many places in the midst of ongoing atrocities undertaken in the name of Islam. As a result, much of the creative participation of Western Muslims in the public sphere has become overshadowed. This tendency is not only visible in political discussions and the media landscape, but it is also often reflected in academia where research about Muslims in the West is predominantly shaped by the post 9/11 narrative. In contrast, *European Muslims Transforming the Public Sphere* offers a paradigm shift. It puts forward a new approach to understanding minority public engagement, suggesting that we need to go beyond conceptualisations that look at Muslims in the West mainly through the minority lens. By bringing into dialogue minority-specific and non-minority specific concepts, the book offers a relevant complement. Using young German Muslims engaged in media, the arts and culture and civil society as ten case studies, this book utilises the concepts of counterpublics and participatory culture to re-examine Muslims' engagement within the European public sphere. It presents a qualitative analysis, which has resulted from two years of ethnographic fieldwork and participant observation, in-depth interviews and primary source analysis of material produced by the research participants. This book is a unique insight into the outworking of multiculturalism in Western Europe. It illustrates the many-sidedness of young Muslims' public contributions, revealing how they transform European public spheres in different ways. Therefore, it will be a vital resource for any scholar involved in Islamic Studies, the Sociology of Religion, Religious Studies, Cultural Studies and Media Studies.

go into thin air: Sanathana Sarathi English Volume 05 (2000 to 2010) Sri Sathya Sai Media Centre, 2022-11-11 Started in 1958, Sanathana Sarathi is a monthly magazine devoted to Sathya (Truth), Dharma (Righteousness), Shanti (Peace) and Prema (Love) - the four cardinal principles of Bhagawan Baba's philosophy. It is published from Prasanthi Nilayam (the Abode of Highest Peace) and acts as a mouthpiece of Baba's Ashram as it speaks of the important events that take place in His sacred Abode, besides carrying Divine Messages conveyed through Divine Discourses of Bhagawan Sri Sathya Sai Baba. The word meaning of Sanathana Sarathi is the 'Eternal Charioteer'. It signifies the presence of the Lord in every being as the atma guiding their lives like a charioteer. It implies that he who places his life, the body being likened to a chariot, in an attitude of surrender in the hands of the Lord, will be taken care of by the Lord even as a charioteer would take the occupant of his chariot safely to its destination. The magazine is an instrument to disseminate spiritual knowledge for the moral, physical and mental uplift of humanity without any discrimination as the subject matter discussed therein is always of common interest and of universal appeal. The fifteen Vahinis - streams of sacredness - known as the Vahini Series comprising annotation and interpretation of the Upanishads and other scriptures, Itihasas like the Ramayana, the Bhagavatha

and the Mahabharata, and authentic explanations on Dhyana, Dharma, Prema, etc., have been serially published in this magazine as and when they emanated from the Divine pen of Bhagawan Baba. This magazine is published in almost all Indian languages, English and Telugu from Prasanthi Nilayam and others from respective regions. Every year Sanathana Sarathi comes out with a special issue in November commemorating the Divine Birthday. The English and Telugu magazines are posted on the 10th and 23rd respectively, of every month, from Prasanthi Nilayam. This magazine has wide, ever increasing circulation in India as well as abroad, as the study of it brings the reader closer to the philosophy of the Avatar in simple understandable language THUS SPAKE SAI... Discoursing during the launch of Sanathana Sarathi... From this day, our Sanathana Sarathi will lead to victory the cohorts of truth - the Vedas, the Sastras and similar scriptures of all faiths, against the forces of the ego such as injustice, falsehood, immorality and cruelty. This is the reason why it has emerged. This Sarathi will fight in order to establish world prosperity. It is bound to sound the paean of triumph when universal Ananda is achieved.

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go into thin air: 1001 IDIOMS TO MASTER YOUR ENGLISH DRITA SKILJA, 2013-10 This collection of 1,001 English idioms is a highly useful tool for students of the English language. The Idioms are divided into eighteen relevant topics: Food, Body, Animals, Money, Comparison, Nature, Colors, Numbers, Love and War, Clothes, Home, Work, World, School, Sports, People, and Country. Each unit consists of a wide selection of idioms that are explained and used in great examples to clearly illustrate the true point of each idiom. Each unit is followed by practice exercises to help the students reinforce the use and meaning of the idioms. This book is also a highly reference tool for teachers of English as a second language.

go into thin air: The Great Merlini Clayton Rawson, 2012-05-22 Stories from the Edgar Award-winning author of the famous locked-room mystery, *Death of a Top Hat*, "a cornerstone of detective fiction" (The New York Times). The Great Merlini waits impatiently at the door of the Hotel Astor. Inspector Church is late for his meeting with the famed magician, with whom he consults when homicide cases venture outside the realm of the possible. A ventriloquist has attempted suicide in the wake of his wife's mysterious strangulation. Among the suspects are a snake charmer, a nine-foot giant, a tattooed man, and a gaggle of crap players—and this is one of Merlini's simple cases. He will pick out the killer, with no more effort than he might a rabbit in a top hat. In these twelve short stories, all originally published in Ellery Queen Mystery Magazine, cofounder of Mystery Writers of America and Special Edgar Award winner Clayton Rawson's greatest detective confronts puzzles that would leave a lesser magician's head spinning. From vanishing blackmailers to murderous mediums, no cosmic crime can baffle the Great Merlini.

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