

PROSTATE GLAND ULTRASOUND ANATOMY

PROSTATE GLAND ULTRASOUND ANATOMY IS A CRITICAL AREA OF STUDY IN UROLOGY AND RADIOLOGY, PROVIDING ESSENTIAL INSIGHTS INTO THE STRUCTURE AND FUNCTION OF THE PROSTATE GLAND. UTILIZING ULTRASOUND TECHNOLOGY, HEALTHCARE PROFESSIONALS CAN VISUALIZE THE PROSTATE'S ANATOMY, IDENTIFY ABNORMALITIES, AND DETERMINE THE BEST COURSE OF TREATMENT FOR VARIOUS CONDITIONS, INCLUDING BENIGN PROSTATIC HYPERPLASIA (BPH) AND PROSTATE CANCER. THIS ARTICLE WILL DELVE INTO THE DETAILED ANATOMY OF THE PROSTATE GLAND, THE ULTRASOUND IMAGING TECHNIQUES USED, THE INDICATIONS FOR PERFORMING A PROSTATE ULTRASOUND, AND THE INTERPRETATION OF ULTRASOUND FINDINGS. UNDERSTANDING PROSTATE GLAND ULTRASOUND ANATOMY IS VITAL FOR BOTH HEALTHCARE PROVIDERS AND PATIENTS, EMPOWERING THEM WITH KNOWLEDGE REGARDING PROSTATE HEALTH.

- INTRODUCTION TO PROSTATE GLAND ANATOMY
- UNDERSTANDING ULTRASOUND TECHNOLOGY
- INDICATIONS FOR A PROSTATE ULTRASOUND
- DETAILED ANATOMY OF THE PROSTATE GLAND
- PROSTATE ULTRASOUND PROCEDURE
- INTERPRETING ULTRASOUND FINDINGS
- CONCLUSION
- FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

INTRODUCTION TO PROSTATE GLAND ANATOMY

THE PROSTATE GLAND IS A WALNUT-SIZED ORGAN LOCATED BELOW THE BLADDER AND IN FRONT OF THE RECTUM IN MALES. IT PLAYS A CRUCIAL ROLE IN THE MALE REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM BY PRODUCING SEMINAL FLUID, WHICH NOURISHES AND TRANSPORTS SPERM. UNDERSTANDING ITS ANATOMY IS ESSENTIAL FOR DIAGNOSING AND TREATING VARIOUS UROLOGICAL CONDITIONS. THE PROSTATE CONSISTS OF SEVERAL ZONES, INCLUDING THE PERIPHERAL ZONE, TRANSITION ZONE, AND CENTRAL ZONE, EACH WITH DISTINCT CHARACTERISTICS AND CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE. A PROSTATE ULTRASOUND PROVIDES A NON-INVASIVE METHOD TO EVALUATE THE GLAND'S SIZE, SHAPE, AND STRUCTURE, AIDING IN THE DIAGNOSIS OF POTENTIAL ISSUES.

UNDERSTANDING ULTRASOUND TECHNOLOGY

ULTRASOUND TECHNOLOGY EMPLOYS HIGH-FREQUENCY SOUND WAVES TO CREATE IMAGES OF INTERNAL STRUCTURES, INCLUDING THE PROSTATE GLAND. THIS IMAGING MODALITY IS FAVORED FOR ITS SAFETY, ACCESSIBILITY, AND EFFECTIVENESS IN VISUALIZING SOFT TISSUES. UNLIKE X-RAYS OR CT SCANS, ULTRASOUNDS DO NOT USE IONIZING RADIATION, MAKING THEM SAFE FOR PATIENTS. THE ULTRASOUND MACHINE CONSISTS OF A TRANSDUCER THAT EMITS SOUND WAVES AND RECEIVES THEIR ECHOES, CONVERTING THEM INTO IMAGES DISPLAYED ON A MONITOR.

TYPES OF ULTRASOUND TECHNIQUES

THERE ARE VARIOUS ULTRASOUND TECHNIQUES USED TO VISUALIZE THE PROSTATE GLAND, INCLUDING:

- **TRANSABDOMINAL ULTRASOUND:** THIS METHOD INVOLVES PLACING THE TRANSDUCER ON THE ABDOMINAL WALL TO VISUALIZE THE PROSTATE FROM A DISTANCE. IT IS LESS INVASIVE BUT MAY NOT PROVIDE DETAILED VIEWS OF THE

GLAND.

- **TRANSRECTAL ULTRASOUND (TRUS):** A MORE COMMON TECHNIQUE WHERE THE TRANSDUCER IS INSERTED INTO THE RECTUM TO OBTAIN CLOSER AND CLEARER IMAGES OF THE PROSTATE. TRUS IS PARTICULARLY USEFUL FOR GUIDING BIOPSIES.
- **ENDORECTAL ULTRASOUND:** THIS TECHNIQUE INVOLVES USING A SPECIALIZED TRANSDUCER DESIGNED FOR INSERTION INTO THE RECTUM, PROVIDING HIGH-RESOLUTION IMAGES OF THE PROSTATE AND SURROUNDING TISSUES.

INDICATIONS FOR A PROSTATE ULTRASOUND

PROSTATE ULTRASOUNDS ARE INDICATED FOR VARIOUS REASONS, PRIMARILY RELATED TO DIAGNOSING PROSTATE-RELATED CONDITIONS. COMMON INDICATIONS INCLUDE:

- **ELEVATED PROSTATE-SPECIFIC ANTIGEN (PSA) LEVELS:** ABNORMAL PSA LEVELS MAY PROMPT FURTHER INVESTIGATION TO RULE OUT PROSTATE CANCER OR OTHER CONDITIONS.
- **SYMPTOMS OF BENIGN PROSTATIC HYPERPLASIA (BPH):** PATIENTS EXPERIENCING URINARY SYMPTOMS MAY UNDERGO ULTRASOUND TO ASSESS PROSTATE SIZE AND DETERMINE THE APPROPRIATE MANAGEMENT.
- **PROSTATE CANCER SCREENING:** ULTRASOUND IS USED TO GUIDE BIOPSIES IN PATIENTS WITH SUSPECTED PROSTATE CANCER.
- **POST-SURGICAL ASSESSMENT:** EVALUATING THE PROSTATE AFTER TREATMENTS SUCH AS SURGERY OR RADIATION THERAPY.

DETAILED ANATOMY OF THE PROSTATE GLAND

THE PROSTATE GLAND IS DIVIDED INTO SEVERAL ANATOMICAL ZONES, EACH PLAYING A UNIQUE ROLE IN PROSTATE HEALTH. UNDERSTANDING THESE ZONES IS ESSENTIAL FOR INTERPRETING ULTRASOUND FINDINGS EFFECTIVELY.

ZONES OF THE PROSTATE

THE PROSTATE IS TRADITIONALLY CLASSIFIED INTO THE FOLLOWING ZONES:

- **PERIPHERAL ZONE:** THE LARGEST ZONE, COMPRISING ABOUT 70% OF THE PROSTATE TISSUE. IT IS THE MOST COMMON SITE FOR PROSTATE CANCER.
- **TRANSITION ZONE:** THIS AREA SURROUNDS THE URETHRA AND IS WHERE BPH TYPICALLY OCCURS, LEADING TO URINARY SYMPTOMS.
- **CENTRAL ZONE:** THIS ZONE IS LOCATED BETWEEN THE PERIPHERAL AND TRANSITION ZONES AND CONTAINS A SMALL PERCENTAGE OF PROSTATE TISSUE.
- **ANTERIOR FIBROMUSCULAR STROMA:** THIS IS A NON-GLANDULAR AREA THAT PROVIDES STRUCTURAL SUPPORT TO THE PROSTATE.

BLOOD SUPPLY AND INNERVATION

THE PROSTATE GLAND RECEIVES ITS BLOOD SUPPLY PRIMARILY FROM THE INFERIOR VESICAL AND MIDDLE RECTAL ARTERIES. VENOUS DRAINAGE OCCURS THROUGH THE PROSTATIC VENOUS PLEXUS. INNERVATION IS PROVIDED BY THE PELVIC PLEXUS, WHICH IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AUTONOMIC FUNCTIONS, INCLUDING THE CONTROL OF ERECTILE FUNCTION. UNDERSTANDING THE BLOOD SUPPLY AND INNERVATION IS CRITICAL FOR SURGICAL CONSIDERATIONS AND POTENTIAL COMPLICATIONS.

PROSTATE ULTRASOUND PROCEDURE

THE PROCEDURE FOR A PROSTATE ULTRASOUND VARIES BASED ON THE TECHNIQUE USED, BUT GENERALLY FOLLOWS A STANDARD PROTOCOL. FOR TRANSRECTAL ULTRASOUND, THE PATIENT IS USUALLY POSITIONED ON THEIR SIDE OR BACK, AND A LUBRICATED TRANSDUCER IS CAREFULLY INSERTED INTO THE RECTUM. THE HEALTHCARE PROVIDER THEN OBTAINS IMAGES OF THE PROSTATE FROM MULTIPLE ANGLES TO ENSURE COMPREHENSIVE VISUALIZATION.

PREPARATION FOR THE PROCEDURE

PATIENTS MAY NEED TO FOLLOW SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE UNDERGOING A PROSTATE ULTRASOUND, SUCH AS:

- AVOIDING CERTAIN MEDICATIONS THAT MAY AFFECT THE PROCEDURE.
- EMPTYING THE BLADDER BEFORE THE ULTRASOUND.
- ARRIVING WITH A FULL BLADDER FOR BETTER VISUALIZATION DURING TRANSABDOMINAL ULTRASOUND.

INTERPRETING ULTRASOUND FINDINGS

INTERPRETING ULTRASOUND FINDINGS IS A CRITICAL COMPONENT OF THE DIAGNOSTIC PROCESS. RADIOLOGISTS ASSESS THE SIZE, SHAPE, AND TEXTURE OF THE PROSTATE TO IDENTIFY ANY ABNORMALITIES.

COMMON FINDINGS IN PROSTATE ULTRASOUND

SOME COMMON ULTRASOUND FINDINGS INCLUDE:

- **INCREASED PROSTATE VOLUME:** THIS MAY INDICATE BENIGN PROSTATIC HYPERPLASIA OR OTHER CONDITIONS.
- **HYPOECHOIC LESIONS:** THESE AREAS MAY SUGGEST THE PRESENCE OF PROSTATE CANCER.
- **CYSTS OR CALCIFICATIONS:** THESE FINDINGS CAN BE BENIGN BUT REQUIRE FURTHER EVALUATION.
- **ALTERED ECHOGENICITY:** CHANGES IN THE TEXTURE OF THE PROSTATE MAY INDICATE INFLAMMATION OR OTHER PATHOLOGICAL CONDITIONS.

CONCLUSION

UNDERSTANDING PROSTATE GLAND ULTRASOUND ANATOMY IS VITAL FOR THE EFFECTIVE DIAGNOSIS AND MANAGEMENT OF PROSTATE-RELATED CONDITIONS. THE ANATOMY OF THE PROSTATE, COUPLED WITH THE INSIGHTS GAINED FROM ULTRASOUND IMAGING, ALLOWS HEALTHCARE PROVIDERS TO MAKE INFORMED DECISIONS REGARDING PATIENT CARE. AS ULTRASOUND

TECHNOLOGY CONTINUES TO EVOLVE, ITS ROLE IN UROLOGY WILL UNDOUBTEDLY EXPAND, ENHANCING OUR ABILITY TO DIAGNOSE AND TREAT PROSTATE ISSUES EFFECTIVELY.

Q: WHAT IS THE PRIMARY PURPOSE OF A PROSTATE ULTRASOUND?

A: THE PRIMARY PURPOSE OF A PROSTATE ULTRASOUND IS TO VISUALIZE THE PROSTATE GLAND TO DIAGNOSE CONDITIONS SUCH AS PROSTATE CANCER, BENIGN PROSTATIC HYPERPLASIA (BPH), AND OTHER ABNORMALITIES.

Q: HOW DOES TRANSRECTAL ULTRASOUND DIFFER FROM TRANSABDOMINAL ULTRASOUND?

A: TRANSRECTAL ULTRASOUND INVOLVES INSERTING A TRANSDUCER INTO THE RECTUM FOR CLOSER VISUALIZATION OF THE PROSTATE, PROVIDING MORE DETAILED IMAGES, WHILE TRANSABDOMINAL ULTRASOUND USES EXTERNAL PLACEMENT ON THE ABDOMEN AND MAY OFFER LESS CLARITY.

Q: WHAT ARE THE RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH PROSTATE ULTRASOUND?

A: PROSTATE ULTRASOUND IS GENERALLY SAFE WITH MINIMAL RISKS. POTENTIAL RISKS MAY INCLUDE DISCOMFORT DURING THE PROCEDURE, MINOR BLEEDING, OR INFECTION, ESPECIALLY WITH TRANSRECTAL APPROACHES.

Q: HOW IS PROSTATE SIZE ASSESSED THROUGH ULTRASOUND?

A: PROSTATE SIZE IS ASSESSED BY MEASURING THE DIMENSIONS OF THE GLAND ON ULTRASOUND IMAGES, OFTEN EXPRESSED IN VOLUME (MILLILITERS). ENLARGED PROSTATE SIZE MAY INDICATE CONDITIONS LIKE BPH.

Q: CAN ULTRASOUND DETECT PROSTATE CANCER?

A: YES, ULTRASOUND CAN HELP DETECT PROSTATE CANCER BY IDENTIFYING ABNORMAL AREAS WITHIN THE PROSTATE, SUCH AS HYPOECHOIC LESIONS, ALTHOUGH A BIOPSY IS OFTEN NECESSARY FOR DEFINITIVE DIAGNOSIS.

Q: WHAT PREPARATION IS NEEDED BEFORE A PROSTATE ULTRASOUND?

A: PATIENTS MAY NEED TO FOLLOW SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS LIKE EMPTYING THEIR BLADDER OR ARRIVING WITH A FULL BLADDER, DEPENDING ON THE TYPE OF ULTRASOUND BEING PERFORMED.

Q: WHAT IS THE SIGNIFICANCE OF PROSTATE-SPECIFIC ANTIGEN (PSA) LEVELS IN RELATION TO ULTRASOUND?

A: ELEVATED PSA LEVELS MAY INDICATE PROSTATE ABNORMALITIES, PROMPTING THE NEED FOR ULTRASOUND EVALUATION TO INVESTIGATE POTENTIAL ISSUES SUCH AS CANCER OR BPH.

Q: HOW LONG DOES A PROSTATE ULTRASOUND PROCEDURE TYPICALLY TAKE?

A: A PROSTATE ULTRASOUND PROCEDURE USUALLY TAKES ABOUT 30 MINUTES, DEPENDING ON THE COMPLEXITY OF THE EXAMINATION AND THE TECHNIQUES USED.

Q: WHAT CAN PATIENTS EXPECT DURING A PROSTATE ULTRASOUND?

A: PATIENTS CAN EXPECT A BRIEF EXPLANATION OF THE PROCEDURE, POSITIONING ON THE EXAM TABLE, AND THE GENTLE INSERTION OF THE TRANSDUCER FOR IMAGING, WITH MINIMAL DISCOMFORT ANTICIPATED.

Q: ARE THERE ALTERNATIVE IMAGING METHODS TO ULTRASOUND FOR PROSTATE EVALUATION?

A: YES, ALTERNATIVE IMAGING METHODS INCLUDE MAGNETIC RESONANCE IMAGING (MRI) AND COMPUTERIZED TOMOGRAPHY (CT) SCANS, WHICH MAY PROVIDE ADDITIONAL INFORMATION IN CERTAIN CLINICAL SCENARIOS.

Prostate Gland Ultrasound Anatomy

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prostate gland ultrasound anatomy: Smith's Textbook of Endourology Arthur D. Smith, 2007
Endourology is a dynamic subspecialty involving closed, controlled manipulation within the genitourinary tract. In the past decade the creative efforts of many urologists, radiologists, and engineers have vastly expanded endoscopic technique, to the great benefit of patients with stones, obstruction, cancer, diverticula, cysts, adrenal disease, varices, and diseases of the bladder. This definitive text addresses every aspect of endourologic procedure including methods of access, operative techniques, complications, and postoperative care. The reader is taken, step-by-step, through cutaneous surgery, ureteroscopy, extracorporeal shock wave lithotripsy, laparoscopy, and lower urinary tract procedures. The principles and function of state-of-the-art endourologic instruments are outlined for each procedure. The authorship reads like a Who's Who in endourology. The breadth and depth of their experience is evident throughout the text.

prostate gland ultrasound anatomy: *Diagnostic Ultrasound: Abdomen and Pelvis E-Book* Aya Kamaya, Jade Wong-You-Cheong, 2021-10-08
Develop a solid understanding of ultrasound of the abdomen and pelvis with this practical, point-of-care reference in the popular Diagnostic Ultrasound series. Written by leading experts in the field, the second edition of Diagnostic Ultrasound: Abdomen and Pelvis offers detailed, clinically oriented coverage of ultrasound imaging of this complex area and includes illustrated and written correlation between ultrasound findings and other modalities. The most comprehensive reference in its field, this image-rich resource helps you achieve an accurate ultrasound diagnosis for every patient. - Features nearly 15 new chapters that detail updated diagnoses, new terminology, new methodology, new criteria and guidelines, a new generation of scanners, and more - Includes 2,500 high-quality images including grayscale, color, power, and spectral (pulsed) Doppler imaging in each chapter and, when applicable, contrast-enhanced ultrasound; plus new videos and animations online - Discusses new polycystic ovary syndrome (PCOS) criteria, updated pancreatic cyst guidelines, new ovarian cysts recommendations, shear wave elastography for liver fibrosis, and more - Correlates ultrasound findings with CT and MR for improved understanding of disease processes and how ultrasound complements other modalities for a given disease - Covers cutting-edge ultrasound techniques, including microbubble contrast and contrast-enhanced US (CEUS) for liver imaging - Contains time-saving reference features such as succinct and bulleted text, a variety of test data tables, key

facts in each chapter, annotated images, and an extensive index

prostate gland ultrasound anatomy: *Abdomen and Superficial Structures* Diane M.

Kawamura, 1997-01-01 The coverage in this expanded and updated second edition will keep readers abreast of the most current trends and technologies in the field of abdominal ultrasound. Written by sonographers for sonographers, the reader is assured of accurate, efficient guidance. Beginning with a complete overview of the field, coverage includes all aspects of the medium. Pediatric and adult ultrasound are covered separately, providing a better understanding of differences and similarities. The text is organized according to organ system to ensure that the reader thoroughly understands one system before moving on to the next. More than 1,000 brilliant images illustrate both normal and abnormal features in abdominal ultrasound for use in clinical practice. The images are accompanied by summary tables, schematics, and diagrams, providing clear and cogent guidance for use in daily practice. New chapters in this edition provide the most up-to-date information on: / vascular structures / prostate / pediatric congenital hips / pediatric spinal sonography / musculoskeletal extremities and / articulations. Over 70 new color images enhance and clarify important content. Compatibility: BlackBerry® OS 4.1 or Higher / iPhone/iPod Touch 2.0 or Higher / Palm OS 3.5 or higher / Palm Pre Classic / Symbian S60, 3rd edition (Nokia) / Windows Mobile™ Pocket PC (all versions) / Windows Mobile Smartphone / Windows 98SE/2000/ME/XP/Vista/Tablet PC

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Chong, Keshthra Satchithananda, 2017-12-19 Measurement and interpretation of key ultrasound parameters are essential to differentiate normal anatomy from pathology. By using Measurement in Ultrasound, trainee radiologists and ultrasonographers can gain an appreciation of such measurements, while practitioners can use it as a valuable reference in the clinical setting. The book follows a consistent format throughout for ease of reference and features useful information on preparation and positioning of the patient for ultrasound, the type of transducer and method to be used, the appearance of the resulting ultrasound images and the measurements to be derived from them. Designed for frequent use in everyday practice, the book includes more than 150 high-quality ultrasound images annotated with key measurements and accompanied by concise explanatory text. Normal variants are provided, along with ranges for features that can change during development and in disease. This new edition covers relevant developments in ultrasound. Where appropriate, updated ultrasound measurements that have arisen are also included and key references are provided as an aid to further study.

prostate gland ultrasound anatomy: Clinical Ultrasound, 2-Volume Set E-Book Paul L

Allan, Grant M. Baxter, Michael J. Weston, 2011-03-07 Clinical Ultrasound has been thoroughly revised and updated by a brand new editorial team in order to incorporate the latest scanning technologies and their clinical applications in both adult and paediatric patients. With over 4,000 high-quality illustrations, the book covers the entire gamut of organ systems and body parts where this modality is useful. It provides the ultrasound practitioner with a comprehensive, authoritative guide to image diagnosis and interpretation. Colour is now incorporated extensively throughout this edition in order to reflect the advances in clinical Doppler, power Doppler, contrast agents. Each chapter now follows a consistent organizational structure and now contains numerous summary boxes and charts in order to make the diagnostic process practical and easy to follow. Covering all of the core knowledge, skills and experience as recommended by the Royal College of Radiologists, it provides the Fellow with a knowledge base sufficient to pass professional certification examinations and provides the practitioner with a quick reference on all currently available diagnostic and therapeutic ultrasound imaging procedures. - Individual chapters organized around common template therefore establishing a consistent diagnostic approach throughout the text and making the information easier to retrieve. - Access the full text online and download images via Expert Consult. - Three brand new editors and many new contributing authors bring a fresh perspective on the content. - Authoritative coverage of the most recent advances and latest developments in cutting edge technologies such as: colour Doppler, power Doppler, 3D and 4D applications, harmonic imaging, high intensity focused ultrasound (HIFU) microbubble contrast agents, interventional

ultrasound, laparoscopic ultrasound brings this edition right up to date in terms of the changes in technology and the increasing capabilities/applications of ultrasound equipment. - New sections on musculoskeletal imaging. - Addition of coloured text, tables, and charts throughout will facilitate quick review and enhance comprehension.

prostate gland ultrasound anatomy: MRI of the Pelvis Hedvig Hricak, 1991

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prostate gland ultrasound anatomy: **Anatomy for Diagnostic Imaging E-Book** Stephanie Ryan, Michelle McNicholas, Stephen J. Eustace, 2011-12-02 This book covers the normal anatomy of the human body as seen in the entire gamut of medical imaging. It does so by an initial traditional anatomical description of each organ or system followed by the radiological anatomy of that part of the body using all the relevant imaging modalities. The third edition addresses the anatomy of new imaging techniques including three-dimensional CT, cardiac CT, and CT and MR angiography as well as the anatomy of therapeutic interventional radiological techniques guided by fluoroscopy, ultrasound, CT and MR. The text has been completely revised and over 140 new images, including some in colour, have been added. A series of 'imaging pearls' have been included with most sections to emphasise clinically and radiologically important points. The book is primarily aimed at those training in radiology and preparing for the FRCR examinations, but will be of use to all radiologists and radiographers both in training and in practice, and to medical students, physicians and surgeons and all who use imaging as a vital part of patient care. The third edition brings the basics of radiological anatomy to a new generation of radiologists in an ever-changing world of imaging. This book covers the normal anatomy of the human body as seen in the entire gamut of medical imaging.

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prostate gland ultrasound anatomy: Atlas of Ultrasonography in Urology, Andrology, and Nephrology Pasquale Martino, Andrea B. Galosi, 2025-05-06 This second edition provides updated recommendations for ultrasound examination of the whole urogenital system. Most of the chapters is updated, with new images and video clips; others are completely rewritten according to recent developments and guidelines. New chapters are added, mainly about in contrast-enhanced ultrasound, fusion transperineal prostate biopsy, focal ablation in prostate cancer, microultrasound and multiparametric US, bladder outlet obstruction, and computerized analysis of ultrasound through artificial neural networks. Coverage includes the role of ultrasound in imaging disorders of

the kidneys, urinary tract of the prostate, seminal vesicles, bladder, testicles, and penis, including male infertility disorders. Detailed consideration is given to intraoperative and interventional ultrasound and recently developed ultrasound techniques. Each chapter defines the purpose and indications for ultrasound; identifies its benefits and limitations; specifies technology standards for devices; outlines performance of investigation; establishes the expected accuracy of the differential diagnosis; and indicates the reporting method. Most recommendations are based on literature review; precedent recommendations; and the opinions of the recognized experts, of the Section of Urological Imaging (ESUI), of the European Society of Urology (EAU), of the Italian Society of Integrated Diagnostics in Urology, Andrology, and Nephrology (SIEUN), of the Italian Society of Urology (SIU) and Nephrology (SIN). This book can be of support both to those taking their first steps in the field of ultrasound, and to subject expert and ultrasound experts, who want to clarify some aspects in the field of urinary tract and male genitalia.

prostate gland ultrasound anatomy: Sonography - E-Book Reva Curry, 2015-10-07 Without a thorough knowledge of the appearance of normal anatomy, you may have a tough time recognizing abnormalities in ultrasound images. Get a firm grounding in normal anatomy and physiology from an ultrasound perspective with *Sonography: Introduction to Normal Structure and Function*, 4th Edition. The new edition of this highly visual introductory text presents a wealth of ultrasound images, accompanied by labeled drawings with detailed legends, to increase your comfort with normal anatomy as it appears during scanning. Its consistent chapter format makes the content easy to navigate and reinforces the discipline of following a standard protocol to scan each area of the body. - Detailed line drawings accompany most sonograms to explain what you should notice on each scan. If you do not see the structure, or are uncertain of it on the image, you can look at the diagram for confirmation. - Over 1,500 images provide a thorough, visual understanding of sonography. - Consistent organization with a standardized heading scheme helps you when searching for information. - Content on quality control protocols in the clinical setting shows you how to recreate the most optimal scanning settings and techniques. - Evolve resources provide you with additional learning tools. - NEW! Full 4-color design incorporates color images within the appropriate chapter to help you understand the concepts without having to flip to the front of the book — and highlights the important points within each chapter. - NEW! Three all-new chapters bring you the most up-to-date information on fetal echocardiography, laboratory values, and ergonomics. - NEW! Updated sonograms demonstrate the latest and best images from the newest equipment, including 3D and 4D images. - NEW! Expanded Test Bank, with new questions for each chapter, provides 1,000 questions on the material.

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